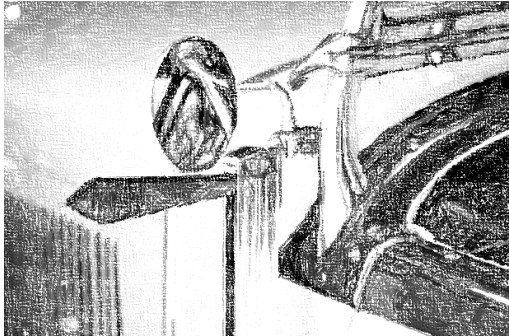


# Systems Engineering

## Why the heck do we need this?

Alexander Feulner, Sebastian Keller  
March 12<sup>th</sup>, 2024

# Earlier Development



Pioneers of development

One component was supervised by one person

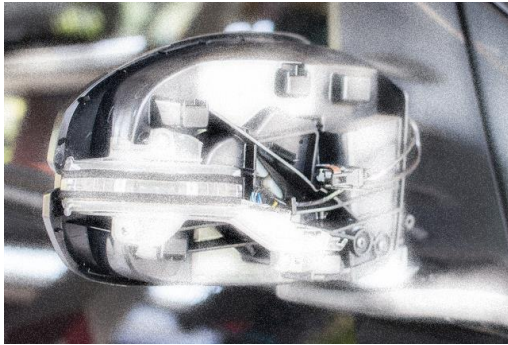
The component had a clearly defined function

The solution space was mostly open and there was comparatively little financial pressure

The development usually took place over a longer period of time.

For the most part, a prototype was quickly produced and optimized on the basis of trials

# Development Nowadays



Shorter development times

A component must fulfil several functions

The component must interact with HW and SW

Development is mostly distributed, sometimes even internationally

Development is under greater cost pressure

Classical mechanics development is increasingly becoming part of modern system development

# The development of aerospace



**Europa**

## Challenges:

- Different countries
  - Different languages
  - Different units (metric/imperial)
  - Work packages according to country
- The Europa program was a failure

Better development approach

## Changes:

- Work packages according to knowledge
    - Central coordination
  - Usage of same language and units
- The Ariane is one of the most successful carrier rocket in History



**Ariane**

# What are the biggest challenges?

Functionality

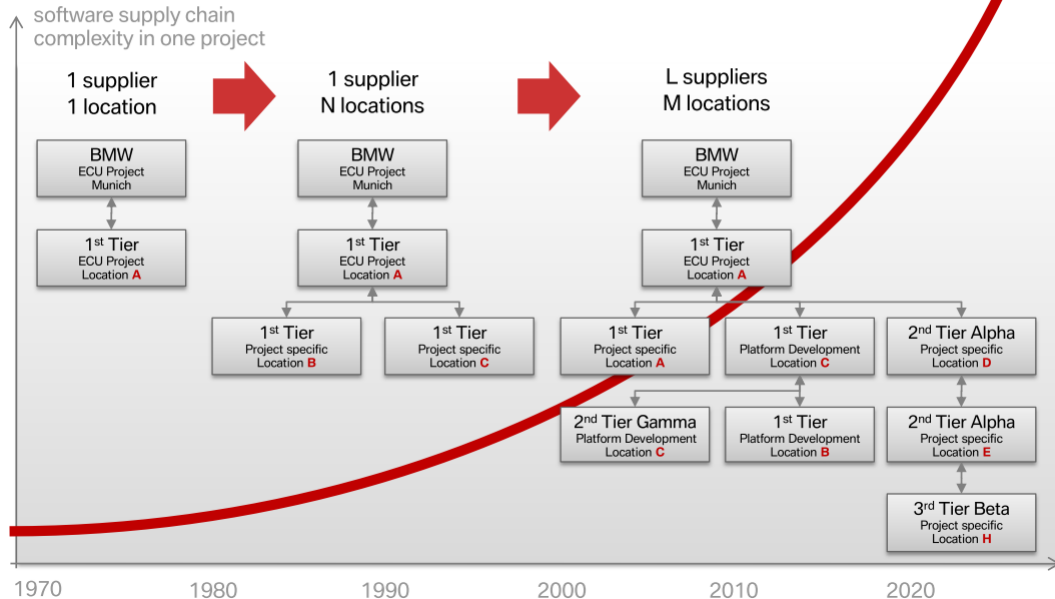
Complexity



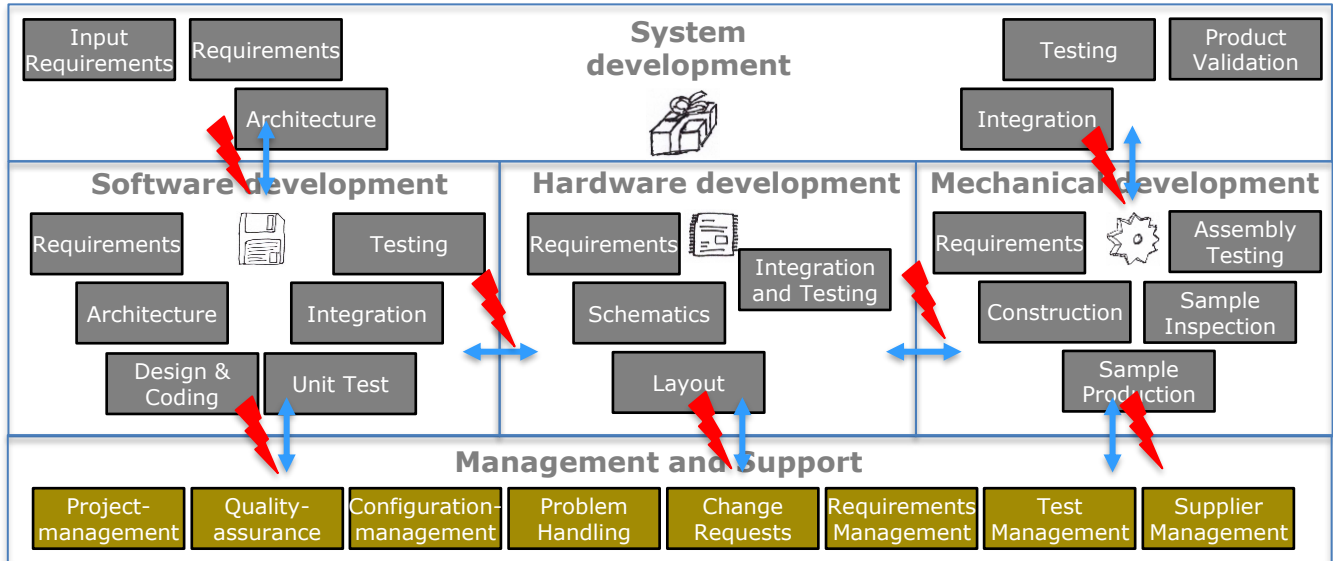
# What are the biggest challenges?

## Distributed Development

Development of value-added shares at 1<sup>st</sup> tier suppliers gets realized more and more by usage of distributed development or global software engineering approaches.

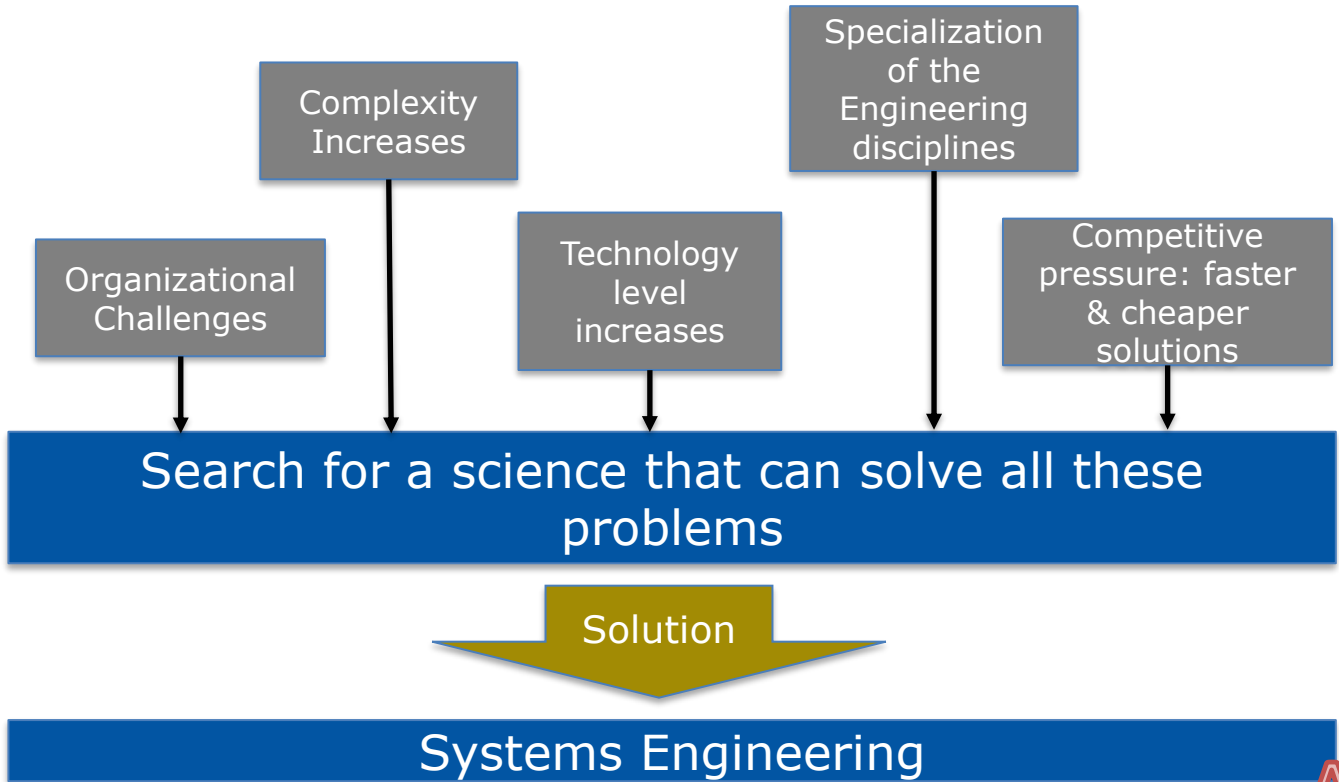


# Challenges of the system development



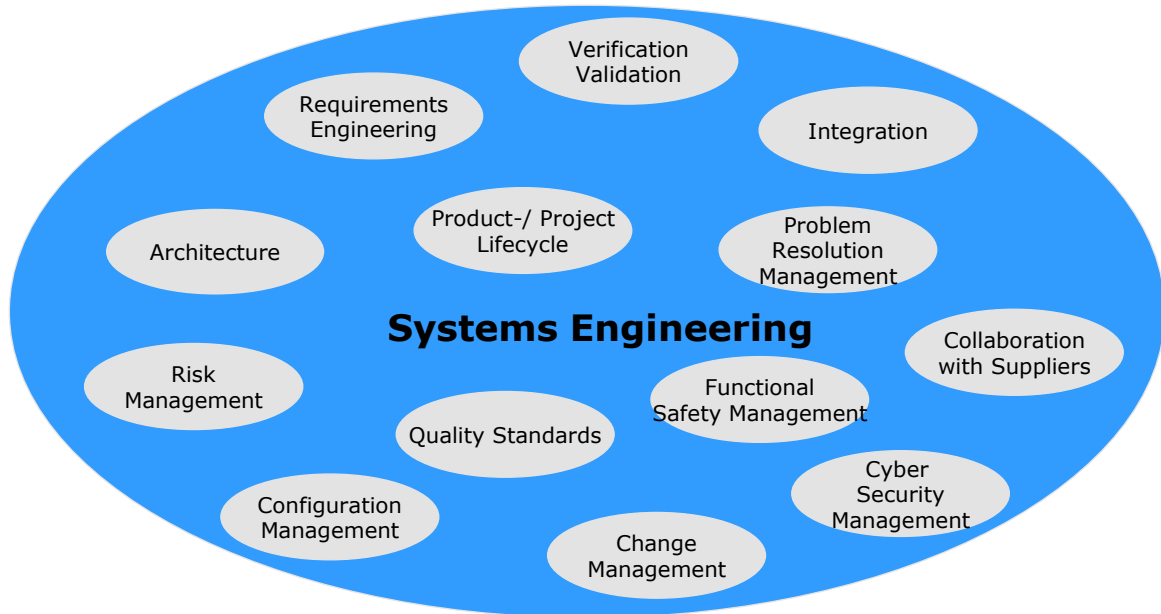
- Problems/challenges typically occur within the domain transfer
- A false interpretation of requirements is often the starting point of several mis-interactions between domains

# Reasons for Systems Engineering





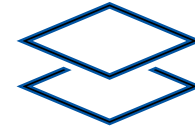
# The “umbrella” systems engineering



- Systems Engineering is an **interdisciplinary and holistic approach** to support the realization of successful systems
- SE focuses on **meeting customer needs** and to consider the **required functionality as early as possible** in the development process, and the complexity caused by the problem statement

# Main Activities of Systems Engineering

- **Hierarchization:** Identification of system levels



- **Structuring:** Identification of components and interfaces



- **Managing:** Maintaining of interfaces and communication between different domains





# Hierarchization: Identification of system levels

## Example: Structure of a vehicle

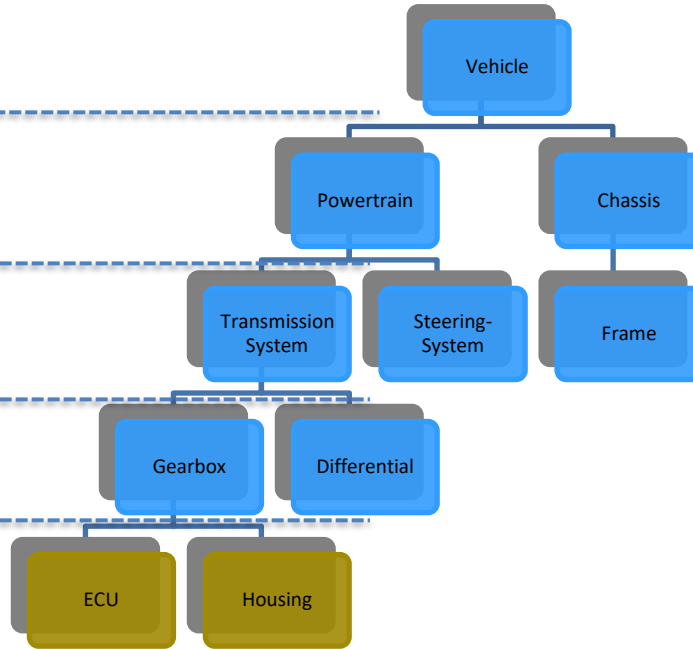
### Vehicle System Level

### Sub System Level 1

### Sub System Level 2

### Sub System Level 3

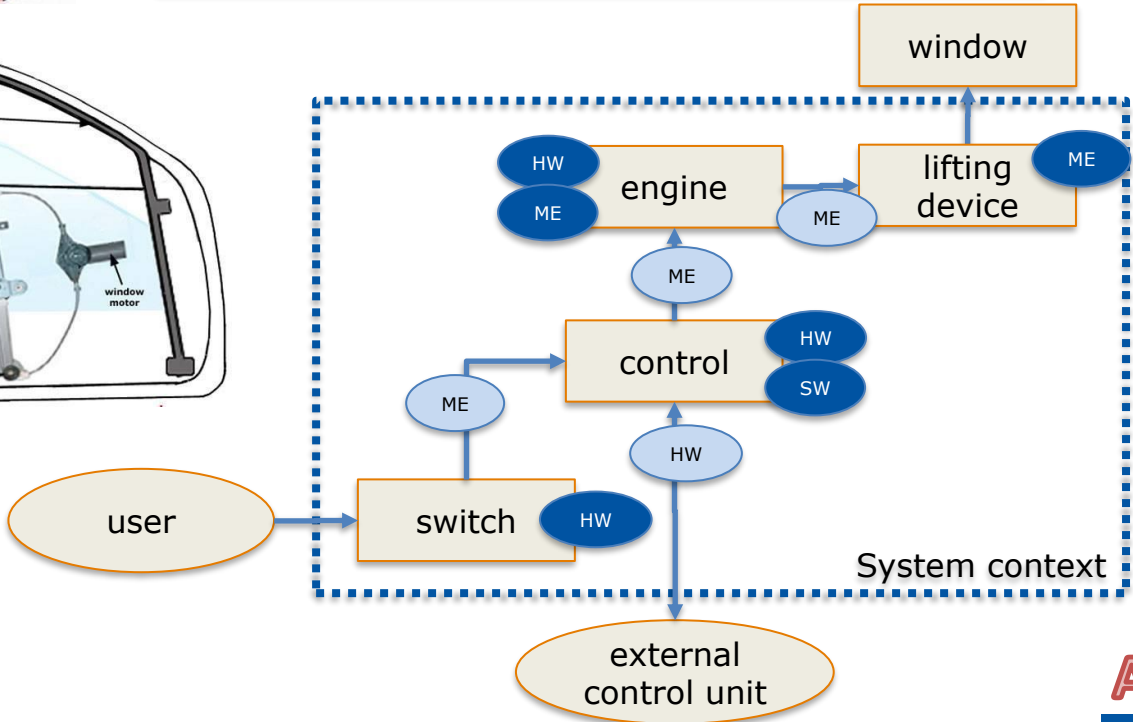
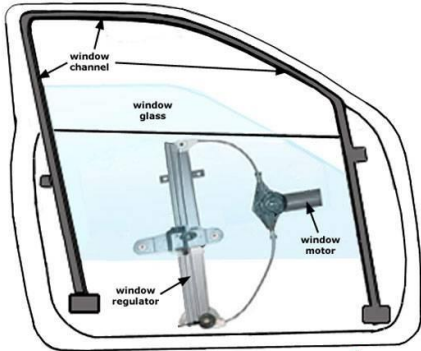
### Component Level (HW/SW/Mech)





# Structuring: Identification of components and interfaces

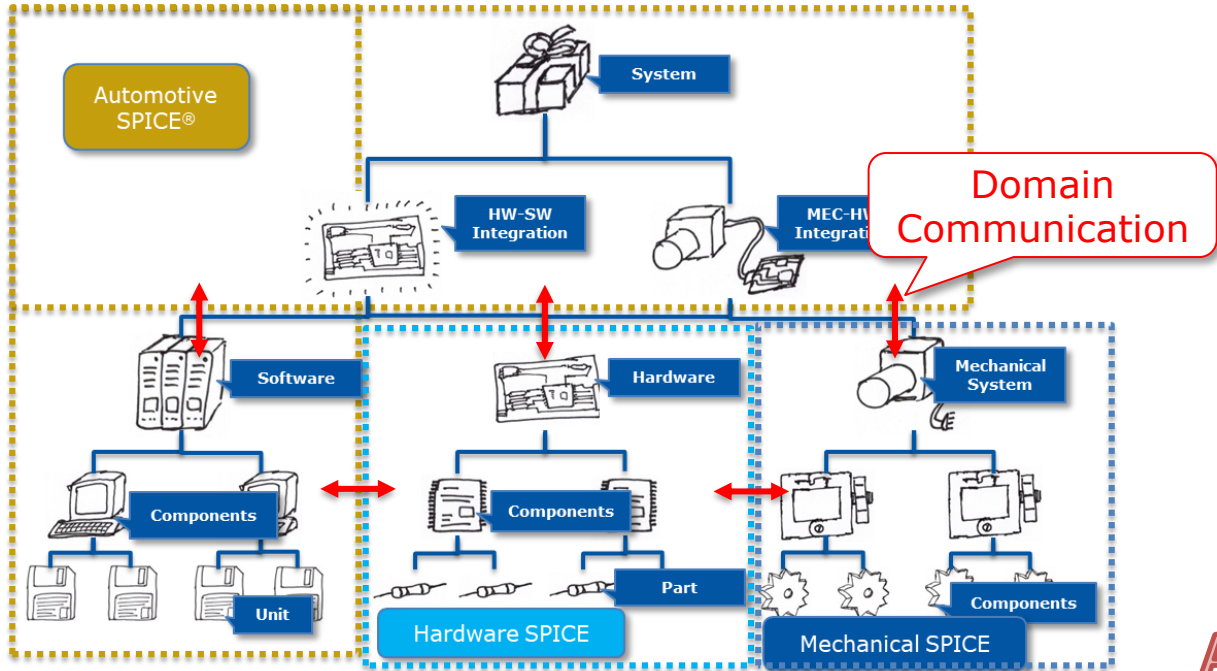
## Example: Door System





# Managing: Maintaining of interfaces and communication between different domains

## Example: Domain Development



# Competencies of a Systems Engineer

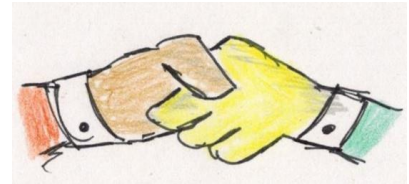
- ✓ Trying to understand the “**big picture**”
- ✓ Observe how system elements change over time
- ✓ Are aware that the structures of a system trigger a certain behavior
- ✓ Changing their **point of view** to come to a better understanding and **handling complexity**
- ✓ Look at a **problem from all angles** and don't let yourself be tempted to prefer a quick solution
- ✓ Consider both **short-term** and **long-term consequences**
- ✓ Keep an eye on **cause-and-effect** relationships



# Responsibilities/Solution of Systems Engineering

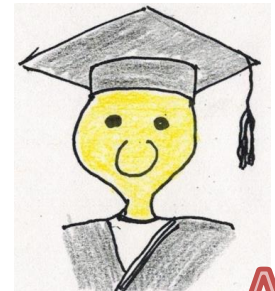
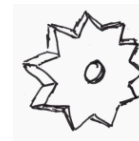
## Responsibilities:

- **Balancing the conflicting** notions of specialist departments
- **Efficient and goal-oriented** management of interdisciplinary project teams
- Promotion of **strategic thinking** and acting
- **Improve communication** between all project stakeholders
- Bringing the **knowledge to all levels**



## Solutions:

- Distribution of **systems engineering methods**
- Establishment of system engineering teams on organizational and project level
- Enhancement of **generic/ platform development**
- Enterprise Architecture Management → **Harmonization of the tool chain**



# Increasing demand of Systems Engineering – OEMS



## Stellenbörse

Meine Suche ▾

Mein Profil ▾



### Systems Engineer Research & Development (f/m/d)

📍 Wolfsburg 🏢 Forschung und Entwicklung 📄 Berufserfahrene 📅 Veröffentlicht am 06.04.2023 🏷️ Tarif/Tarif Plus

Diese Stellenausschreibung ist bereits abgelaufen.



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## BMW Group wird neues Mitglied im Center for Systems Engineering auf dem RWTH Aachen Campus

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Transformation des Volkswagen Entwicklungsprozesses

### System Engineering verkürzt Entwicklungsprozess um rund 25 Prozent

Die zunehmende Vernetzung des Fahrzeugs, dessen angestrebte nahtlose Einbindung ins digitale Ökosystem und der konsequente Fokus auf die User Experience erfordert eine Neugestaltung des Entwicklungsprozesses. Ausgangspunkt der Fahrzeugentwicklung sind die an den Kundenanforderungen orientierten neuen Funktionen. Der neue

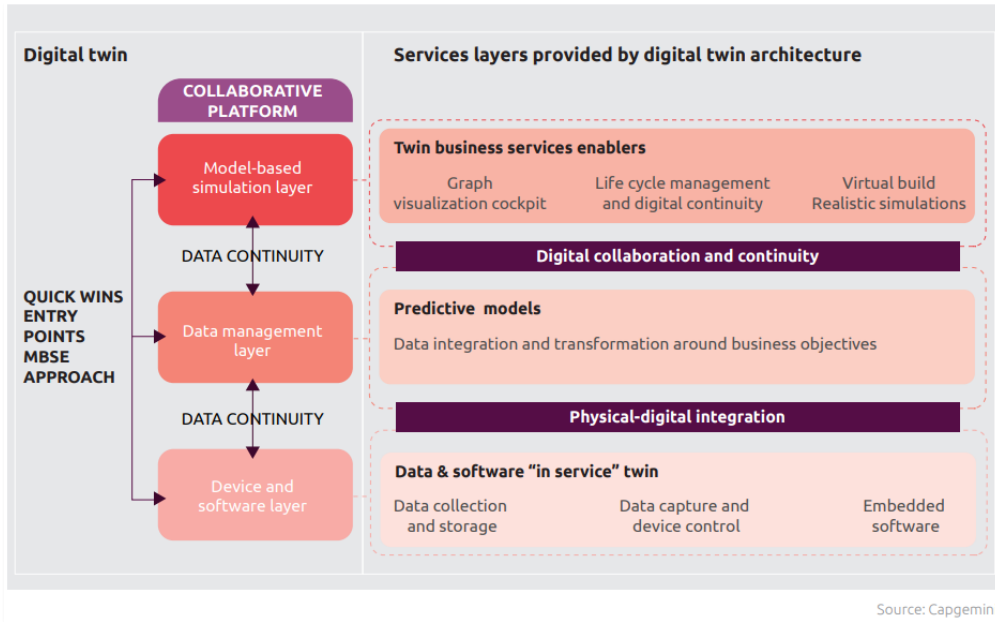


# Increasing demand of Systems Engineering – People, Jobs

	People*	Jobs*
	10.000+	5.705
	4.190.000	4.173
		53.829
		2.915
 International Council on Systems Engineering	23.000+	

\*data from 29.02.2024

# Trends in Systems Engineering Enhancement via MBSE (Example: Digital Twin)



A **digital twin** is a **virtual replica** of a **physical system** that can model, simulate, monitor, analyze, and constantly optimize the physical world. A **digital twin architecture enhanced by MBSE** helps deliver the digital twin initiatives in a smooth manner.

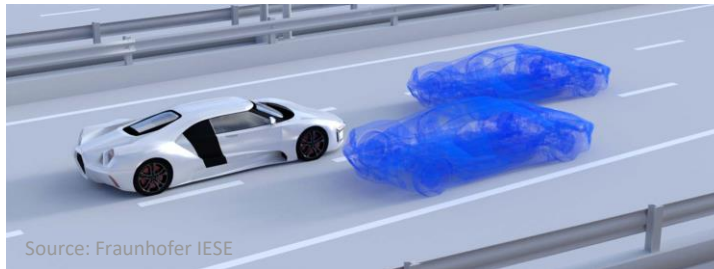
# Digital Twin for testing

Cost  
reduction

Faster time-  
to-market

Higher  
variability

Higher  
quality



no real  
environment

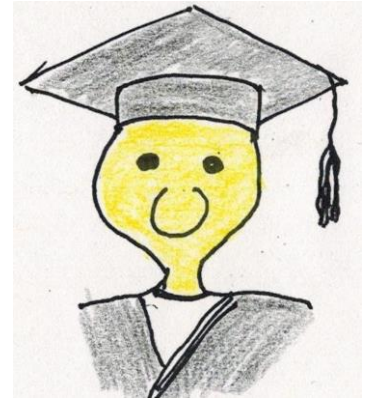
Higher grade  
of automation

Initial effort of  
implementation

Cannot completely  
replace tests

# Conclusion

- ✓ Development is getting more and more complex due to increased functionality and distributed development
- ✓ Solutions needed for exploding budgets, schedules and resource needs
- ✓ Demand for 'Systems Engineers' will increase due to interdisciplinary aspects
- ✓ Systems engineering means to take over responsibility to find solutions for complexity and organizational challenges
- ✓ Methods derived from systems engineering can be used for various challenges
- ✓ Future development has to follow strategic approaches

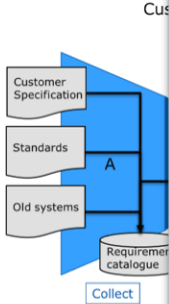


# Next Training:

Systems Engineering aligned with Safety, Security and SPICE

June 3 – June 5, 2024, online, English (9 am – 5 pm CET)

### What documents are included?



Customer Specification

Standards

Old systems

Requirement catalogue

Collect

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### Relationship between architecture design and evaluation

Influencing factors and architectural

Basic design principles


- Abstraction
- Hierarchy-based
- Loose coupling
- Strong cohesion
- open-closed principle
- Secret principle
- Encapsulation
- Modularity
- Separation of interests
- Conceptual integrity

Typical component types

- AUTOSAR modules
- Control application
- Sensors
- etc.

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### Test objects depending on testing levels



- Acceptance testing**
  - Complete vehicle with the integrated component
  - Device under Test (on a testbench)
- System testing**
  - Complete Integrated System
  - Operating System
- Integration testing**
  - Partly integrated System
  - Fully integrated System
- Software (Unit) testing**
  - Software Unit
  - Integrated software
  - Feature/Function

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Systems Engineering aligned with Safety, Security and SPICE - M3 Test levels and testing activities!

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